Determining Your Costs of Production

Method: Per Unit Sold

UCOD	TOTAL COSTS		\$39,414		\$134		\$1.34
UCOP =	TOTAL CWT CALVES SOLD	=	294	=	\overline{CWT}	=	LB

Problem: You sold more than just calves (i.e. culls). UCOP can not be compared to calf price received to determine profitability. Solution: Compare to Income per Unit sold rather than calf market price. For example: \$1.10/lb market price and \$8200 in cull revenue.

TOTAL REVENUE = \$1.10*29,400 + 8200 = \$40,540

$$INCOME/UNIT = \frac{TOTAL \, REVENUE}{TOTAL \, CWT \, CALVES \, SOLD} = \frac{\$40,540}{294} = \frac{\$1.38}{LB}$$

Method: Residual Costs

$$UCOP = \frac{TOTAL \ COSTS - CULL \ SALES}{TOTAL \ CWT \ CALVES \ SOLD}$$
$$= \frac{\$39,414 - \$,200}{294} = \frac{\$31,214}{294} = \frac{\$1.06}{LB}$$

ASSUMPTION: Cull sales and all other income are break-even enterprises.

This can be compared to the \$1.10/lb market price.

However, it makes it difficult to extract individual cost of production components. (i.e. feed costs/cwt.)

Method: Equivalent Production

Equivalent Units of Production = $\frac{TOTAL REVENUE}{PRICE} = \frac{$40,540}{110} = 369$

Compared to : 294 CWT sold

$$UCOP = \frac{TOTAL \ COSTS}{369} = \frac{\$39,414}{382} = \frac{\$1.06}{LB}$$

This can be compared to the \$1.10/lb market price.

ASSUMPTION: Calf sales, cull sales and all other income centers have equivalent profit margin percentages.

	Weaninį %	Average Weight (lbs.)	Average Price/lb.	Value or Cost Per Exposed Female
GROSS RECEIPTS FROM PRODUCTION				
WEANED LIVESTOCK SALES	83%	475.0	0.98	384.81
TOTAL RECEIPTS				384.81
OPERATING COSTS				
Pasture and Feed				
PASTURE	DOLS			20.77
PURCHASED FEED	DOLS			5.88
SALT & MINERALS	DOLS			0.00
ENERGY SUPPLEMENTS	DOLS			0.00
Total Pasture and Feed				26.65
UTILITIES	DOLS			6.60
TAXES	DOLS			24.04
LABOR	DOLS			62.40
MAINTENANCE & IMPROVEMENTS	DOLS			4.57
VETERINARY, BREEDING, MEDICINE	DOLS			5.77
FREIGHT AND TRUCKING	DOLS			0.00
GAS, FUEL, AND OIL	DOLS			11.53
CAR AND TRUCK EXPENSES	DOLS			13.07
INSURANCE	DOLS			20.49
INTEREST	DOLS			24.87
SUPPLIES PURCHASED	DOLS			10.75
CUSTOM HIRE	DOLS			1.80
RENT/LEASE OF VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT,	DOLS			0.00
STORAGE AND WAREHOUSING	DOLS			0.00
LEGAL AND PROFESSIONAL FEES	DOLS			0.00
TRAVEL MEALS AND ENTERTAINMENT	DOLS			6.00
OTHER	DOLS			1.40
NET HERD REPLACEMENT COSTS	DOLS			58.99
Total Operating Costs				278.93
TOTAL GROSS MARGIN				105.89
Property and Ownership Costs				
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	DOLS			73.33
BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS	DOLS			286.67
BREEDING LIVESTOCK	DOLS			226.67
REAL ESTATE TAXES	DOLS			0.00
Total Property and Ownership Costs				586.67
NET RECEIPTS BEFORE FACTOR PAYMENTS				-480.78
FACTOR PAYMENTS				
LAND @ 4.00%	DOLS			0.00
RETURN TO MANAGEMENT AND RISK				-480.78



Stochastic Livestock Budget Generator

Jay Parsons jay.parsons@OptimalAg.com

STOCHASTIC ELEMENTS						
Average Price per lb.		Average Weight (lbs.)	Weaning %	Total Operating Costs/Hd.		
Minimum	0.78	370	70%	215.00		
Most Likely	0.98	475	83%	278.93		
Maximum	1.15	550	92%	365.00		

View Input Distributions

Price	Weight	Weaning %	Costs
View Output Dist	ributions		
Gross Marg	in Returns	s to Management	
OPERATING CO	OST OF PRODUCT	TION: \$ 0.71	per lb.

ECONOMIC COST OF PRODUCTION:	\$ 2.20 per lb.

LIVESTOCK HERD BASIC INFORMATION

FEMALE BREEDING HERD

Number of Females Exposed for Breeding
Annual Female Cull Animals
Annual Female Death Loss
Average Female Cull Value

75 head 8 head 0 head \$250 per head



Stochastic Livestock Budget Generator

Jay Parsons jay.parsons@OptimalAg.com

MALE BREEDING HERD

Number of Males used for Breeding	4	head
Average Male Useful Life	4	years
Average Male Cull Value	\$500	per head

OFFSPRING

Number of Animals Weaned per Year	62 head
Average Weaning Weight (Males)	475 head
Average Weaning Weight (Females)	475 head

REPLACEMENTS

Annual Number of Female Replacements Needed	8	head
Female Replacement Cost	\$616	per head
Annual Number of Male Replacements Needed	1.0	head
Male Replacement Purchase Price	\$2,000	per head



