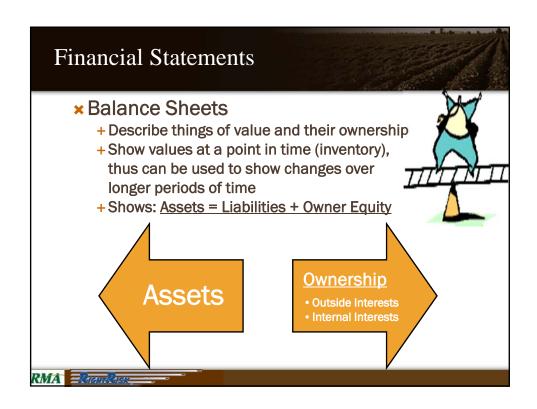


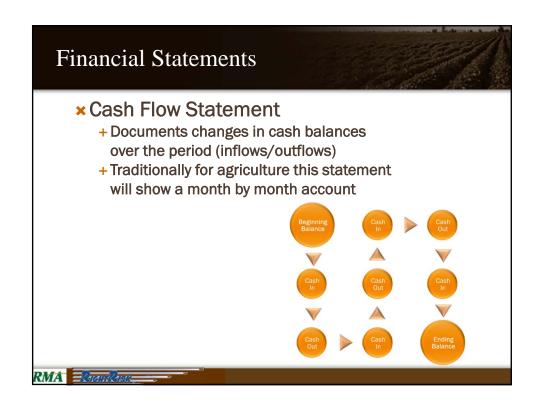


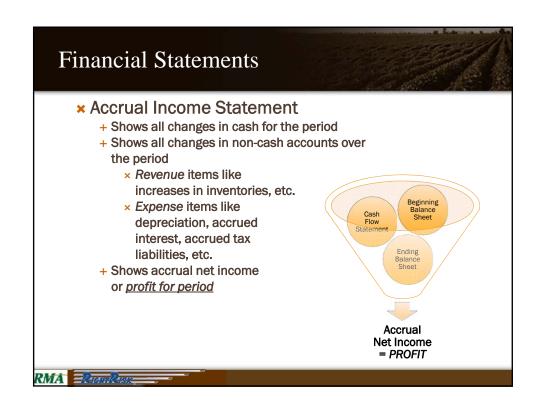
Complete Financials Required

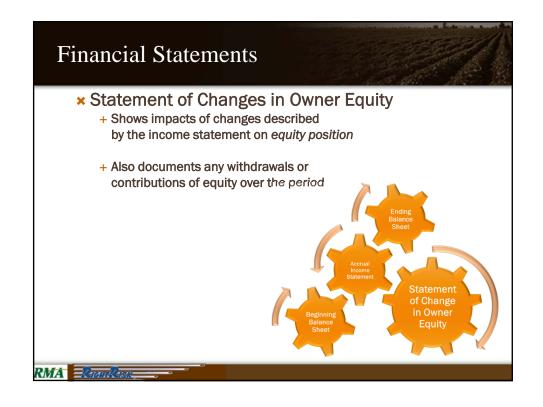
- Beginning and Ending Balance Sheets
- Cash Flow Statement
 - (Statement of Cash Flows)
- Accrual Adjusted Income Statement
- Statement of Changes in Owner Equity

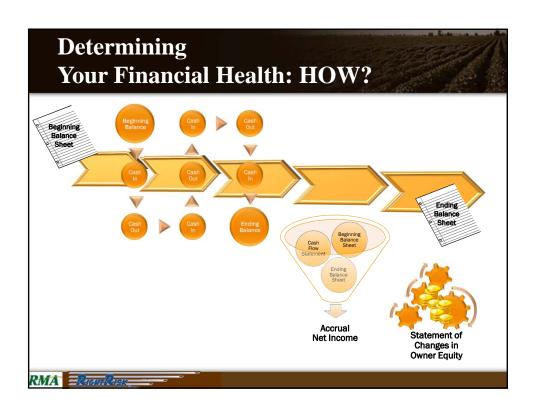


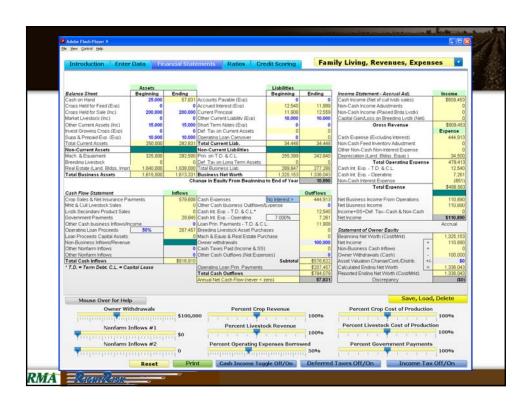










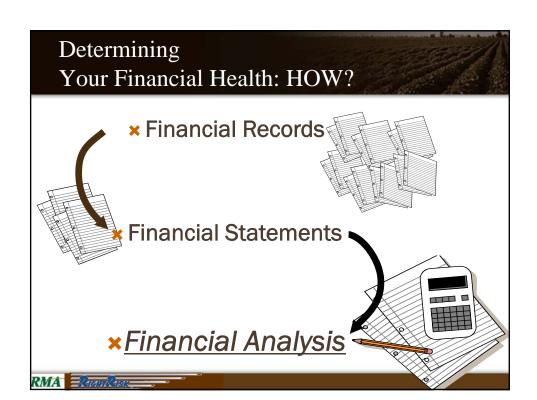


Topics Examined With RDFinancial

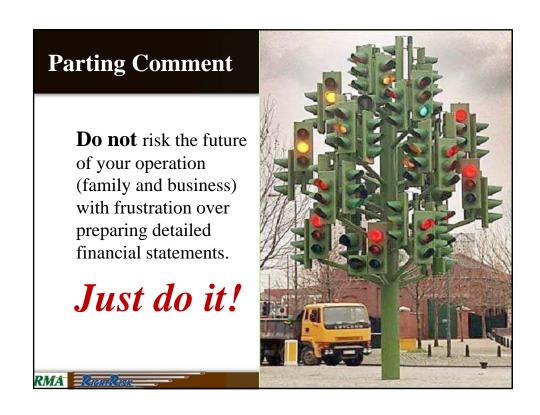
- Owner Withdrawals
- Non-business income
- Government Payments
- Capital asset purchase
- Cost of Production
- Asset revaluation
- Debt Load (asset and liability structure)
- Risk Protection Tools (Insurance)
- Non-cash expense (not depreciation)

Non-cash income

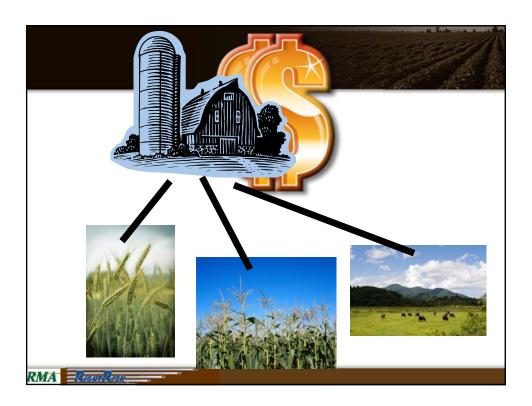
- Contributed capital
- Distributed capital











Enterprise Profitability

- Whole-farm profitability is derived from *enterprise* profitability
- One enterprise may be profitable but another may have only marginal profitability or may have costs greater than returns
- May be defined as returns greater than the sum of <u>ALL</u> costs:
 - Cash and non-cash (e.g. depreciation)
 - Actual and imputed (e.g. unpaid family labor)
 - Variable and fixed (ownership costs)



Enterprise Profitability cont.

- Estimates require information from past financial statements or records
- Estimates allow calculation of break even:
 - Breakeven price
 - Breakeven quantity
- Can help management decide where to make adjustments in the crop or livestock mix



RMA =RIGHTRISK

Determining Your Financial Health: Summary

RMA RIGHT RISK

- Business financial performance analysis is important to the long run viability of agricultural businesses
- A complete set of financial statements allows for adequate analysis
- Profitability is the key to survivability
- Lack of financial analysis exposes agricultural production businesses to unnecessary risk
- RD Financial is a RightRisk tool to get you started with financial analysis

